

						
Coal exit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · "Long term" exit (no dates) to replace fossil fuels with renewables by end of century as pledged by G7 states 2015 · Chancellor Merkel: economic alternatives for affected regions prerequisite 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Acknowledge "structural economic change" in coal regions but preserve "industrial tradition" with renewable energy jobs · Parliamentary group: "gradual reduction" of coal power necessary (no dates) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Adopt "Coal Exit Law": "Speedy" and "socially cushioned" coal exit starting in 2018 and completed by 2035 · "Structural economic change" fund worth €250 mln annually 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Initiate "irreversible" coal exit after election · Immediately shut down 20 dirtiest coal plants and complete exit by 2030 · "Coal exit law" to ensure social security 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Fossil energy sources "indispensable for foreseeable future" · Market forces to shape energy supply structure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Using "modern" coal plants "indispensable for foreseeable future" · Coal emissions <u>not bad</u> for climate
Internal combustion engines (ICE) / e-cars	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No general ICE bans; individual solutions for polluted cities and "expand" e-car use until e-car better established · Diesel engines remain important CO₂-saver · Merkel: ICE ban is "right approach" but timing unclear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No bans; pollutant-free mobility by 2050 · Support tighter EU car emissions limits · Chancellor candidate Schulz: Make Germany e-car "lead market" through European quota; diesel and natural gas engines remain "bridge technologies" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Abolish "subsidies" for diesel fuel · No buyers' premium for e-cars but support e-mobility in public transport and for frequent drivers · Support "zero CO₂ car emissions" by 2030 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Ban ICEs for new car registrations by 2030 · Support municipalities financially in shift to electric vehicles · Tax high CO₂ and NOx levels of cars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · E-car quota and ICE ban not helpful to climate protection · Abolish e-car buyers' premium 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · End "subsidies" for and "discrimination" of diesel engines · Abolish "non-effective" low-emissions zones in cities · No support for e-mobility
Mobility / transport concepts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Keep Germany "Car Country No.1" and take leadership in connected and autonomous driving · Introduce uniform digital public transport ticket across the country 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · "Germany needs a transport transition" · Increase federal support for public transport systems in line with demand · Foster car sharing and on-demand bus services · Double train use by 2030 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Initiate a "social-ecologic" mobility transition with rail services at centre · Invest in railroads and bike lanes instead of motorways · Federal funds to introduce "new engines" in public transport · Tight speed limit on highways and in cities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Lead mobility away from private car · Invest heavily in bike infrastructure · Make all public transport services in Germany usable with one ticket 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Advance digitalisation of transport system · Use autonomous vehicles and drones to supply rural areas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Integrate all means of transport in "Federal Transportation Plan"
Energy transition funding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Continue to introduce more "market economy" principles to energy transition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Examine "alternative funding models" for energy transition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Renewables auctions "expensive, risky and complicated" for citizen projects · Add "social" components to Renewables Act (EEG) · Abolish "unjustified" industry rebates · Set up "Energiewende fund" to ease customer costs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Introduce mandatory CO₂ floor price and "honest" carbon pricing "beyond" ETS · Reduce EEG surcharge and abolish power tax · "Free" renewables projects from "auction constraint" · Reduce industry rebates "to a minimum" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Introduce market principles "with all opportunities and risks" to renewable energy projects and stop new "subsidies" · End EEG's feed-in and remuneration mechanism for renewable energy sources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · End EEG "without substitution"
Renewables expansion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Stick to "binding" expansion path decided on in past legislative period to ensure planning security · Expand transmission grid network by 2023; accelerated grid expansion "priority" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Expand and modernise transmission and distribution grids · Parliamentary group: "Substantially increase" expansion goals to meet 2020 climate goals; stop turning off wind turbines for "feed-in management" to avoid grid overload 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Billions of euros of further investments in expansion necessary · Achieve 100% renewables by 2040 · Counter need for grid expansion by advancing decentralised energy generation solutions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Achieve 100% renewables in power sector by 2030 · Abolish "expansion brake" and bring construction in line with Paris Agreement goals · Support municipalities with environmentally friendly grid expansion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Abolish long-term expansion plans and let demand and supply determine path · Ensure grid expansion on par with renewables · Introduce national "10H-rule" for wind turbines 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Cut back renewables support · Wind power expansion speed "overstrains citizens and businesses"
Storage solutions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Maintain current research and support efforts · Restart of battery cell production in Germany 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Provide federal funding for developing and manufacturing batteries and other storage technologies such as power-to-x 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Expand storage capacities to decrease need for grid expansion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Advance European energy union and share storage and generation capacities · Reform power market to create incentives for storing or transforming electricity into gas and heat 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention
Climate protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Stick to current Climate Action Plan (CAP) goals and implement them "step by step" · Use market tools to achieve goals · Climate protection efforts <u>must not lead to jobs moving</u> to countries with lower standards 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Introduce national Climate Protection Law and step up CAP ambitions · Climate protection "means safeguarding peace and international solidarity" · Stick to achieving 2020 targets and "further develop" CAP in dialogue with industry · Erase environmentally harmful subsidies · Develop common European "climate diplomacy" to push global energy transition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Introduce national Climate Protection Law · Introduce financial transaction tax of 0.1% and invest earnings (€30 bln) in climate protection · Federal funds to assist municipalities in implementing national climate protection standards 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Introduce national Climate Protection Law with "binding and projectable goals" · Introduce "honest" CO₂ pricing beyond emissions trading 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No national "special path" in climate protection; shape and follow international agreements with "realistic" goals and no market intervention · No long-term sector targets as conditions may change · Advocate a global CO₂ price 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Leave Paris Agreement and end all international decarbonisation and climate protection efforts
European Emissions Trading System (ETS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Initiate reform of ETS to "allow it to fulfil its central climate protection role" · Start talks on European CO₂ floor price if ETS reform fails · Parliamentary group: Avoid "carbon leakage" and take effects of national instruments into account; allow member states to reduce certificate supply if demand falls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Erase "three billion" excess ETS CO₂ certificates · Abolish "industry rebates" in ETS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Increase CO₂ price by deleting excess ETS certificates and end allocation free of charge; use additional funds for further climate protection efforts · Strive to make Paris emissions reduction targets binding across EU 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Reform ETS for "cost-efficient emissions reduction" and expand it to construction and transport sector · Strive for integration of other regional emissions trading schemes, create global standards · No CO₂ floor price 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention
Energy efficiency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Examine possibilities to ease strain on families from refurbishing costs · Tax support for energetical retrofitting of buildings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Make Germany "most energy efficient economy in the world" and assist developing countries in taking efficiency measures · Better integration of existing consulting services for energy efficiency · Stop support of oil heating systems and encourage use of climate-friendly construction materials such as wood 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Favourable credit rates for ecologic construction · 200-euro bonus for all households scrapping old, inefficient appliances · "Climate housing benefits" for poorer households to encourage efficient use and avoid "energy poverty" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · "Fair heat" programme worth €2 bln annually to refurbish cities and assist poorer households financially with extra funding · Introduce "top runner" principle across Europe to make most efficient electric appliances binding standard 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention
Citizens' energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Support citizen energy cooperatives · Enable municipalities to buy grid infrastructure back if supply security is ensured · Tenants should be able to benefit from own renewables power production 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Oblige investors to offer municipalities share in renewable energy and storage projects and enable energy cooperatives and municipalities to buy power grids · Aim for "shift of power" from energy companies to citizens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Citizens active in energy transition and cooperatives "our most important allies", drive decentralised expansion · Easier regulation for tenant electricity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · No mention